

TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, Sept. 8.

Senator Trudel, who has just returned from a tour of the Northwest and British Columbia reports the half breeds still very much dissatisfied with their condition, many being worse off than the Indians.

OTTAWA, Sept. 13.

The Canada medical association has decided to meet next year at Banff.

In the annual shooting matches of the Dominion police teams Inspector O'Leary again carried off the revolver prize. He has issued a challenge to all Canada.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 11.

Lady Macdonald accompanied by Mrs. Allen of Toronto, has gone to Calgary.

The retaliation bill has passed Congress by a vote of 176 to 4. Some strong speeches were made.

Haulan and Kemp will row for the championship of the world and \$5,000 in Australia on September 25th.

President Cleveland made public on the 8th his letter to the national democratic committee accepting the nomination for reelection to the presidency.

There is considerable anxiety in railroad circles just at present. It is reported on good authority that the C. P. R. have obtained the control of the M. & N. W. R.; and that they will extend their Southwestern branches at once. It is also reported that if the Northern Pacific fails to secure the Manitoba Northwestern they will build a road from Portage la Prairie between the Manitoba Northwestern and the C. P. R. and secure the Northwest Central charter.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 13.

The Canadian foot ball team in England was defeated to-day by Ayr, four goals to none.

Reported from Montreal that Gabriel Dumais has been again attempting to stir up bad feeling among the New Englanders.

Davies of Qu'Appelle who sometime ago pleaded guilty to a charge of forgery was sentenced to-day to six months in Regina jail.

The first car of wheat of the new crop was shipped from Regina to Winnipeg to-day by Ogilvie. The price paid was 80 cents per bushel.

David Ogilvie, hotel keeper of East Selkirk, while getting into his boat to go on a hunting expedition to-day caught the trigger of the gun causing it to go off, the contents passing through his body. He died in a few hours.

REGINA, Sept. 10.

Many reports are in circulation regarding the Regina & Long Lake railway. The news is to the effect that work will be commenced at once. It is not likely however that anything will be done until the coming spring, as the season is getting late.

The Northwest Assembly will meet for the transaction of business about October 29th. Ross seems to be the favorite for speaker and the names of members mentioned in connection with the advisory board are: Sutherland, Second, Haultain and Betts. Tweed is also mentioned.

BROOKVIEW, Sept. 12.

Honorable Edgar Dewdney was elected by acclamation as member for the Northwest. Delegates were present from all parts of the constituency. Speeches were made by the members of assembly Sutherland, Richardson and Davidson, and the speaker congratulating the honorable gentleman and the Northwest.

The Galt Reformer does not admit that Waidie's election in Hutton was a victory for unrestricted reciprocity. Whatever weight that cry has is among the farmers, but the farmers, that to the townspeople of Hutton are the closure of the towns, gave Mr. Waidie a majority of only 25 over Mr. Henderson and the majority of 44 in St. Norbert. That is, the action for unrestricted reciprocity commenced Mr. Waidie lost ground with the towns, but that proposal is supposed to influence most.

Mr. James Inspector of grain for the state of Minnesota and Mr. Shelly Inspector at Duluth report that the greater part of the Minnesota and Dakota wheat crop has been injured by frost, and a North Dakota grain dealer says that thousands of acres have been left uncut in that locality, having been refused unless by frost. Not over 20 per cent of the crop will grade No. 1 hard.

Saskatchewan Herald, August 26. "Joe," an Indian a few days ago killed six buffaloes out of a band of seven that he fell in with at Red Deer Forks.

LOCAL.

ROADS excellent.

RIVER still lowering.

HOOT bush cranberries are plentiful.

LEAVES are beginning to change color slightly.

W. FIELDS and W. Edmonston left for Calgary on Saturday last.

TOMATOES, BEANS and corn are still untouched by frost in the gardens in town.

J. MACDONALD arrived to-day with 10,000 pounds of freight for Brown & Curry.

M. GILLIS arrived on Wednesday with 7,000 lbs of freight for A. Macdonald & Co.

The duck shooting party which went out to the Black Mud last Friday had poor luck.

The upper Red Deer settlement has christened itself Cash City, so the Calgary Tribune says.

HARVESTING was finished at Lake St. Ann two weeks ago. The crop is most abundant and sample excellent.

DR. WILSON has leased J. McAlley's dwelling adjacent to his own drug store property and built a large and nice stable.

HERMITAGE picnic on the 26th. Every arrangement has been made for the enjoyment of visitors. Luncheon at 2 o'clock.

THOS. ANDERSON, crown timber agent, is recovering from the effects of a broken collar bone caused by a fall from his horse last week.

DR. TORRILL left on Tuesday on a professional trip among the Indian reserves in the Battle river, Saddle lake and Edmonton agencies.

JAMES FLEET and family of the H. B. service arrived from Fort Simpson and the Landing on Saturday last on the way to Manitoba.

New sawmills have been placed under the Big Hotel, and the contract of fitting up the building as a store for A. Macdonald & Co. will be shortly.

R. HARRIS, JR. and Miss Jennie McDougal left for Calgary and Morley respectively yesterday. Mr. Hardisty will take a position in the H. B. store at Calgary.

JOS. KELLY lost a valuable prize of the West spring out this week. Cause unknown. A number of deaths of horses have occurred in this neighborhood lately.

The first grain marketed this season was a load of 70 bushels of oats delivered on Friday to M. McCauley by McLeod Bros. of Little Manitoba. The price was \$1 a bushel.

JAS. ISKERTER of the south side brought in a bushel of life wheat on Wednesday.

JOHN KENNEDY, D. L. S. arrived from Calgary on Tuesday. He is travelling for a necessaries and glove house in Quebec, Ontario and will go down the river to Prince Albert.

A LETTER dated Fort Chipewyan July 26th, says that Lake Athabasca was unusually high more so than it had been for years, the low lands in the neighborhood of the lake being flooded.

The grand orange lodge of British Association in Winnipeg on August 28th and succeeded in days. A resolution to arouse public feeling against the establishment of despotism in Canada was passed.

HONORABLE INSPECTOR CASEY, J. P. on September 20th. P. Ernest was charged by Jas. Blunt of High River, Alberta, with stealing stock, selling the same and appropriating the proceeds to his own use. He was dismissed for lack of sufficient evidence.

Those desiring to enter any article for the forthcoming agricultural exhibition and who have not received an entry paper will be furnished with one on application to James Martin, secretary, at the Edmonton school room any hour from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

ALFRED WHITEHEAD who was taken by the police from Beaver river some time ago to Red Deer on a charge of having stolen a horse belonging to Content Bros. restored the horse to the owners and was released.

He had picked up the horse as an stray.

A LETTER from Athabasca Landing dated September 2nd says that there was a heavy frost at Lesser Slave lake on the 24th of August. The garden and very good. Potatoes are very large; carrots, beets, onions, cabbage, cauliflower, lettuce and radishes are a success. Oats and barley were ripe at the Athabasca mission on the 2nd of August and wheat would be ripe at the H. B. post in the first week of September. Berries are very plentiful. Ducks are scarce. Geese are commencing to come to the lake.

DARK weather on Sunday last and slight rain on Monday, has been followed by warm clear days the rest of the week. The nights have been cool with slight frost in low places. No change to crop has yet been reported and next week at furthest will see it all down.

OTTAWA to representations made, a small quantity of flour has been shipped north by government to Peace River and Athabasca in charge of the H. B. Co., to be applied to the relief of destitution among the Indians of those districts during the coming winter should the necessity arise.

Mrs. HUGH McKAY, W. Johnstone Walker and Mr. Racine were passengers by Thursday's outgoing stage. Mr. McKay goes to Calgary on a visit to her brothers the Messrs. Bauman, and Mr. Walker to Montreal to purchase fall and winter goods. Mr. Walker will be absent about five weeks.

R. MCKENNA, south side, on Monday harvested the crop from one pound sowing of Ladoga wheat which he had received from the experimental farm at Ottawa. He is certain that it will yield at least a bushel of grain. The sample is excellent and it is from week to two weeks earlier than the rest.

A CHARGE preferred by Inspector Casey against James Martin teacher of the Edmonton school of using harsh language to Miss Casey one of his pupils in school hours was investigated by the trustees on Tuesday evening and continued on Wednesday morning at the school room where evidence of the children was taken. The charge was dismissed.

MR. BELANGER, D. L. S. and party were working on the 14th correction line twelve miles north of Fort St. John. The township survey in this vicinity was made by contract sub-dividers before the bases had been surveyed on the 14th line and the consequences is numerous inaccuracies, the extent of which Mr. Belanger will determine.

AN auction sale announced for last Saturday was withdrawn after a few bids had been made, the proprietors Messrs. Blunt & Earnest considering the prices too low. Most of the articles were afterwards disposed of by private sale. The parties left for the south on Thursday. Mr. Blunt is a rancher at High river and thinks of removing to Edmonton or Beaver lake.

CROPS are good at Victoria this season and are now nearly all harvested. L. Thompson has a field of oats which will yield 100 bushels to the acre. There has been no injury what ever from frost. Victoria is on the most northerly bend of the Saskatchewan and is five degrees north of the U. S. boundary and nine degrees north of St. Paul, Minnesota. Farming has been carried on in this settlement since '64.

OWNED to carelessness on the part of some one the ferry scow placed by the H. B. Co. on the Athabasca crossing of the Sturgeon has been allowed to drift down stream and the rope of the ferry on the Vermilion has been taken away this season. There is the greatest need for bridges on these two streams, and considering the importance of the road and the amount of traffic passing over there is good ground for government expenditure to meet the case.

M. McCauley arrived from Calgary on Monday afternoon. He made the trip down to Calgary with Dr. Wilson in 48 hours. Roads are good. Crops are good around Calgary and are mostly harvested. They are ahead of last year also but are not so farward. Mr. McCauley met Police Commissioner or Herchmer in Calgary and was informed by him that although an appropriation of \$10,000 had been made for police barracks at Edmonton this season the only expenditure would be about \$200 in repairs.

LATE summer the government telegraph service tried to private parties the wire on the abandoned spur line from Landing station to Edmonton, which closely follows the Calgary trail. The wire was taken off the poles, or the poles have been blown down, and the wire has not been replaced, the consequence is that in many places the trail is dangerously encumbered with the loose and tangled wire. Hence it is hard to cut their legs, especially if being driven at night and wild cattle being driven in are also in danger, especially where the wire is lying in swampy places that have to be crossed. Whether it is legally possible or not it is certainly morally right that the owners of the wire should be compelled to have the summer by gathering up their property.

THE mail arrived on Monday in one of Lesson & Scott's new stage wagons. The running gear of the wagon is heavy, evidently intended for four horses. The wagon box is on good springs, and is set high up from the ground, doubtless with an eye to fording deep sloughs and streams without wetting the passengers and express. The ordinary relative position of passengers and express is reversed, the express occupying the centre of the box and the passengers being given comfortable accommodation for four on two seats facing each other on each side of the wagon at the rear end. These seats are provided with an adjustable long top, a most welcome protection against bad weather.

On Friday afternoon of last week Adolphe Talbot a farmer who lives a little below and on the opposite side of the river from Fort Saskatchewan left town for home in a buggy. When about turning off Fraser Avenue his horse, which was somewhat skittish shied, upsetting the buggy and throwing Talbot violently out. He struck the ground with his head partially dislocating the bones of the neck. His face was also disfigured somewhat. He was powerless to get up but held on to his face by the lines. He was seen in a few minutes and taken to the Hotel on Canada. Dr. Polak was called in who found that the injury in the neck had paralyzed the lower portion of the body and that the horse was no hope of saving his life. The unfortunate man's mind remained clear and he was enabled to make his will but the paralysis increased until Monday afternoon, when he died. He was buried at St. Albert on Wednesday. He leaves a wife but no children.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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An open face, Verge English Watch.

Apply to JAS. GIBBON'S

ATHABASCA SALOON.

T. R. HENDERSON.

TAILOR AND PHOTOGRAPHER.

Shop and studio first building north of Postoffice, Edmonton.

K. A. McLEOD'S SALE.

The undersigned will offer for sale by Public Auction the following property belonging to K. A. McLeod on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th at 2 P. M.

At K. MACDONALD'S

12 Cows,

8 Huffers, rising 2 years,

2 Steers, rising 2 years,

3 Steers rising 3 years old,

1 Grade Bull, rising 3 years,

8 Spring Calves,

2 Work Horses,

2 Pairs of the West Spring Cattle,

1 2 year old Mare.

ED. TOWN Lot on Mill Street, 50 x 130 feet,

with Dwell 16 x 22 and Stable 14 x 20.

RIVER LOT No. 35, East Edmonton, containing 208 acres, South side, 2 miles from town.

TERMS OF SALE.—Some under \$25 Cash; over that amount approved Joint Notes at Three Months will be accepted.

JOHN McLEAN PEACOCK,

AUCTIONEER.

ESTRAY HORSES.

Come to the hand of horses belonging to Herat at Selkirk settlement, on the River in the summer of '85 to a horse branded indistinctly "CX" on left hip. One bay with white stripe on forehead and one chocolate. Very dark.

CHARLES ST. GERMAIN.

PHOTOGRAPHING, PIANO AND

ORGAN TUNING.

A. J. ROSS, PHOTOGRAPHER

AND J. P. EHLEMAN,

PIANO AND ORGAN TUNER.

will arrive from Calgary about the 8th inst., on a business visit.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Ten Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, SEPT. 15, 1888.

The argument of Mr. Laurier at St. Thomas that Canada should alter the attitude of "unfriendlyness" to the United States which it has maintained for the past twenty five years, with a view to inducing the acceptance of unrestricted reciprocity with Canada by the States, is not one that can be approved on logical grounds. It will be necessary for Mr. Laurier to define the boundary between the unfriendliness of which he complains, and the severity that would make a people contemptible and their existence as a nation impossible, before his accusation of unnecessarily unfriendly action can be maintained. Mr. Laurier accuses Canadians of sympathizing with the South as against the North in the U. S. rebellion. If Mr. Laurier asks the people of Canada to conceal their sympathies in deference to the wishes of the people of a foreign country he asks them to give up that supposed to be inalienable British right of free speech, which for platform purposes at least has always been held to be more valuable than any possible commercial advantage or even that life itself. In making such an argument Mr. Laurier is placing himself in a position which is a wrong position. Taking for granted that the special mission of the liberal party is to widen the liberty and increase the prosperity of the citizen, it must be remembered that the only security for the liberty and prosperity acquired in the stability of the state. When Mr. Laurier asks the people of Canada to acquire their country in such a condition of commercial connection with the United States as would amount to commercial bondage, which in turn we have now ample proof would be used as a lever to compel political bondage, he asks them to unduly imperil if not to sacrifice their liberty and prosperity which they now enjoy and which it is his and their especial business to maintain and extend.

Some years ago, before a live buffalo had become a curiosity, the *Bulletin* suggested the advisability of attempting to domesticate the animal and thereby preserve it in existence, and suggested that the farms of instruction started by government for the benefit of the Indians should be used for the purpose. The advantage of preserving the buffalo was pointed out to be that large areas of the Northwest were not sufficiently well adapted for agriculture to induce their speedy settlement by farmers, and that owing to their lack of hay swamps and high hills they were unsuited to the wintering of ordinary cattle either in stable or on the range. The buffalo had lived on them in summer and winter in millions, but when the buffalo were destroyed, there being nothing to take their place, the areas mentioned would be useless, whereas if the buffalo were preserved and domesticated those areas could be turned to valuable account. At that time some people thought that the danger of the extinction of the buffalo was not pressing; others that the buffalo could not be domesticated; others that ordinary cattle could winter on the level plains; and others that the country would very soon be filled up by farmers. Since then the buffalo has become extinct except as a curiosity; McKays and Bedons's experience has shown that they can be domesticated successfully; experience has proven that ordinary cattle cannot range safely over a very large part of the prairie section of the Northwest; and the expected farmers have lamentably failed to connect. Attention is again called to the subject by the appearance of a new variety of buffalo on their old range between the Battle and Red Deer rivers. It is greatly to the credit of private enterprise that the experiment of domesticating the buffalo has been successfully made and that the species is not practically extinct. But a matter of such national importance should not be left to the chances of private enterprise until it has a much more solid foundation than the latter or what may be the mere whim of a single person. The government has at great expense established an experimental farm in the Northwest and is establishing another in Manitoba for the purpose of introducing varieties of foreign agricultural products to the farmers of the Northwest. On these farms the domestication and breeding of buffalo should be instituted and receive principal attention so that herds might increase as quickly as possible. These farms should breed the pure animal and leave to private enterprise mainly the work of crossing with common cattle and developing if possible a mixed breed that would be superior to both originals.

RETALIATION.

The United States Senate has promptly taken up the challenge of President Cleveland by passing a bill giving him the power of retaliation upon Canada asked for in his late message. Having been given the power—in view of the declarations contained in his message as to the propriety of retaliatory measures and in view of the political exigencies of the next few months—the president can scarcely do otherwise than put the retaliation policy into effect. The same political exigencies which caused it to be put in force will tend to keep it in force unless such concessions can be gained from Canada as shall satisfy the jingo feeling in the States. It may be that the policy will press so heavily on some sections and interests in the States as to evoke strong opposition to it once the presidential election is over, but even so, once having taken the position that retaliation is right and proper neither of the present political parties in the States, no matter which may hold power, can recede from that position unless it can show substantial concessions from Canada greater than those made by the late abortive treaty or until it has been shown conclusively that concessions cannot be gained. On the other hand old Canadians seem to be practically unanimous as the necessity of maintaining the full measure of their rights at all costs. The question will be, what is to be considered as the full measure of Canada's rights in the treaty? Is the treaty of 1818 or the late treaty to be taken as the standard? Canada's fishing rights is a matter that most immediately concerns the people of the Maritime provinces on the Atlantic and Pacific. Let them suggest what is to be the measure of their rights in the matter and let that contention be backed up by the whole country to the end, whatever that end may be. Let there be no more speeches from the opposition like a late one of Laurier's charging the Canadian government with undue strictness in the simple support of admitted rights, and let there be no more assertion of Canada's rights to British commercial exigencies on the part of our government, no matter how many barometries may be offered as the price. If Canada is to maintain a separate existence it must maintain each one of those rights which collectively constitute that existence. Those who have dreamed of advantages arising from free trade with the States must arouse themselves from that dream, and those who are used to play the jingo on the platform and the coward and traitor, or at least the purchased tool, in the treaty chamber and the cabinet must prepare to back up their brave words with brave deeds. As long as a possibility remained of a policy of conciliation and submission on the part of Canada resulting in any reasonable measure of good it may have been advisable to continue it, but when it has become apparently that that policy has only resulted in making Canada's rights the sport of political parties in the States—as they would not have been had they been clearly defined and firmly asserted throughout—it is time to change the policy of conciliation for a policy of firmness. In the old failing the lamb did not save its life by proving its innocence if any lion had been in the way to the wolf, and neither will Canada be saved from perpetual annoyance from the United States by perpetual attempts at conciliation. Neither will a spirit of abject submission gain from Britain that respect and backing that is so valuable in such a crisis. If Canada does not define and prepare to defend her rights she is inviting the United States to do so for her except from a British standpoint, which naturally may differ very materially from that of Canada.

The bill respecting the Northern Pacific and Manitoba railway company was carried in the Manitoba legislature on the following division: Noy—Messrs. Norquay, Gillies, Fisher, Marion, O'Malley, Wood, McMillan, Thompson—(Norfolk); and Robin—J. Yeas—Hon. Messrs. Greenway, Freudenstadt, Martin, Stuart and Jones; Messrs. Hittle, Mickle, Colclough, Campbell (Souris), McKeen, Young, Jackson, Martin (Morris), Grelley, Dickson, McLean, Crawford, Smith, Thompson (Quoten), Leavenworth, Graham, Harrower, Morton, Jerome and Leguilliere—25.

The U. S. gun boat Yantic has been sent to the Canadian fishing grounds.

A GRAND PICNIC

Will take place at the Hermitage on September the 20th. Amusements will be provided. Admission 50 cents, children half price.

LUMBER.

D. R. FRASER & CO.

Have on hand a Large Stock of

DRY LUMBER,

Which they will sell at the following rates:

Rough Lumber, per M.	.....	\$20.00
Stock Boards, per M.	.....	25.00
Dimensions:		
Up to 16 feet, per M.	.....	20.00
Each additional foot, \$1.00		
Plank, rough, per M.	.....	20.00
" dressed on 1 side \$30; 2 sides 35.00		
Rough Battens, per M.	.....	25.00
Fence Pickets, rough, per bundle	.....	8.00
" dressed and pointed.....		4.00
Shelving, 1x10, dressed on one side	.....	30.00
Lin. Lumber, dressed on one side	.....	30.00
Wainscoting, 1x3, dressed on one side and beaded, per M.	.....	40.00
Lath, per 1000.....	8 7/8 Shingles, per M.	4.00
Panel, per M.	.....	35.00
Flooring, per M.	.....	40.00
Siding, per M.	.....	40.00
Casing 6x10 in. ft. 25.	O. G. crown, 24c	
Quarter round	.....	1c
Beading, per lineal foot	.....	1c
Band Moulding, per lineal foot	.....	2c
Stills dxd per lineal ft. Spruce & Tamarac 10c		
" 8x8 " " " " 10c		12c
" 10x10 " " " " 12c		14c
On bill of \$500 and upwards 10 per cent.		

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THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

EDMONTON.
Respectfully call the attention of the inhabitants of Edmonton and surrounding districts to their immense new stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, etc., in the following departments:

DRESS GOODS.
Merinoes, Cashmeres, Tweeds, Nuns' Veilings, Serges, Plain and Breasted Vestments, Prints, Galateas, Pandoras, French and English S. teens.
GALA PLATS, 30 inches wide.
Clan Donald, Victoria, Murray, Stewart, Campbell, Macfarlane, McKenzie, etc.
SHAWLS.
Waterproof, Circulars, Millinery Ribbons, Hosiery, Laces, Collarettes, collars, corsets, Underclothing and children's Carrying Cloaks.

CARPETS.
Five France Brussels, Tapestry, Wilton, Axminster, etc.

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Plain and Reversible suitable for doors and window curtains.

BLANKETS.
Flannels, Plain and Fancy, Rugs, Winseys, Ticks, Table Linen, Napkins and Colours, H. B. Blankets, all sizes and Colors, Fanny Striped Rugs.

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Dinner Sets, China Tea Sets, Bed Room Sets, Turkeys, Vegetable Dishes, Glasses, Jugs, Mugs, Dinner Plates, Flower Pots, Soup Plates, etc.

GUNS.
English Sporting guns, 12 and 16 bore by Hall's & Sons, London, Winchester & Co., London, and other makers. Cartridges, Gunner's Caps and Wadding. PATENTS.

Men's and Boy's in all Wool Scotch Tweeds, Cheviot, Saxony, Worsted, Barnockburn.

BOOTS & SHOES.
A large assortment. Orders taken for Boots & Shoes celebrated brands.

HABERDASHING AND TRIMMINGS.
Ries, Givora, Scarfs and Braids.

GROCERY.
Butter, Lard, Oatmeal, Butter, Mackerel, Clipped Butter, and a full assortment of canned goods.

CANDIES.—English, French and American. TOBACCO.—Pipes, Cigars and Cigarettes. OILS.—Machine oil, coal oil.

Highest Prices given for butter and eggs. Special orders taken for any goods not in stock.

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AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

A. MACDONALD & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Fret arrivals of Spring Goods, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

SIDE, SPICED ROLL and

BREAKFAST BACON,

CANNED GOODS and

GENERAL GROCERIES, Etc.

To ARRIVE NEXT WEEK.

a full line of Clothing,

HATS and CAPS, &c., &c.

Prices lower than ever.

Call and examine.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

ARRIVED TO-DAY

EVAPORATED APRICOTS,

LARD, BACON, HAM,

FLOUR, BUTTER, OAT MEAL,

CORN MEAL, MACKEREL,

LABRADOR HERRINGS,

MATCHES.

Syrup in Eggs, Pails and Barrels.

Also a large stock of Summer Hats, &c., &c.

BROWN & CURRY.

VERMILION—PEACE RIVER.

The long continuance of easterly winds during April kept the ice intact until May 3 or 4. May 5 the ice began to move and two heavy "jams" formed, one a few miles above Vermilion the other some little distance below. Sunday the 6th the water began to rise rapidly and flooded several houses in the settlement. Most of the residents betook themselves to the higher ground as it was felt that should the ice come in over the land serious damage might be done to the buildings. But on Monday 4th about 10 a. m. by the giving way of the lower "jam" the water sank as rapidly as it had risen without doing any damage worth speaking of. About 6 p. m. the "jam" above gave way the water rose very rapidly from some 15 feet below the bank to rather higher than the previous rise. Two houses on lower ground on the north side of the river were badly wrecked by the ice. Beyond this and the scattering over the land of a large amount of lumber got out for Mr. Lawrence's saw mill and the drifting away of some outhouses no great damage was done. The water began to recede about 11 p. m. of the 6th and was very soon within its proper channel. The H. B. Company's journals at the Fort which go back to 1836 record no such event and it is beyond the remembrance of the oldest resident, Michael L'izet, who has been here over fifty years. One of the houses wrecked by the ice was his. The flood left a rich deposit of mud. As soon as the land was sufficiently dry farming operations commenced. Up to date the weather has been all that could be wished.

The crops, though sown much later than usual give unusual promise. July 10, potatoes looking very healthy were commencing to flower and wheat and barley coming on very fast. I may add that last year notwithstanding considerable draw backs from drought in the early part of the season and from a perfect plague of local grasshoppers (which have almost totally disappeared this year) there were good crops both of wheat and potatoes at both English and Roman missions.

The Synod of the Church of England in Athabasca was held July 6th in St. Luke's church, a constitution laid down and other necessary business in connection with the church work throughout the country transacted. The enclosed memorial with regard to the present condition of the Indians was drawn up, and addressed to the Minister of the interior and signed during the session. On the following Sunday the Bishop admitted the Rev. G. Holmes of St. Peter's mission, Lesser Slave Lake, to priest's orders, the sermon being preached by the Venerable Archdeacon Reeve. The following Tuesday the Bishop and Archdeacon Reeve left for St. Paul's mission Chipewyan to hold a confirmation service there, the Rev. A. C. Garrioch, Mrs. Garrioch and Rev. G. Holmes returning up stream to their respective missions.

ST. LUKE'S MISSION, VERMILION,
ATHABASCA, N. W. T. JULY 6TH, 1888.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR.

SIR:—We, the undersigned, as members of the Synod of the Anglican Church in Athabasca Diocese, now in session, venture to lay before you for your consideration the present condition of the Indians generally, throughout this portion of the Northwest Territories, including the Provincial District of Athabasca.

There is a great decrease, throughout this portion of the country, of both the larger and smaller game, as well as of fur-bearing animals, (excepting one or two kinds, such as martens and fishers, which are not used as food.) The consequence is the Indians, not only during the winter, but also in summer, are in an almost constant state of semi-starvation. This condition is, of course, seriously aggravated during the winter months, and you will perceive from the following facts, which we beg to lay before you, the very serious results which arise therefrom:—

1. The almost total disappearance of rabbits, and great scarcity of partridges.

2. A great mortality amongst the beaver last winter.

3. Present scarcity of lynx which will, in all probability, continue at least two years longer, as they are affected by the rise and fall of rabbits.

4. The above affects not only the food supply of the Indians, but also their power of procuring clothing, ammunition, &c.

Many of the Indians are almost destitute of clothing, and, owing to their small take of furs, are unable to provide themselves with the necessary clothing, and hunting outfit for the coming winter.

The above scarcity has greatly decreased the number of their dogs, (so necessary to the Indian for travelling and hunting,) which have perished, thus seriously increasing the difficulty of obtaining a livelihood.

The beavers, who used to have a considerable number of horses, have killed so many of them, on account of the scarcity of other food, that they now possess very few.

5. At Lake Athabasca and at some other lakes, a great failure of the fall and winter fisheries.

6. During the winter of '86 and '87, between the Peace and Athabasca Rivers, on account of starvation and consequent cannibalism, a party of twenty-nine Cree Indians was reduced to three.

In the MacKenzie River District there were several cases of death by starvation, and one or more of cannibalism.

7. During the last winter '87 and '88, amongst the Fort Chipewyan Indians between twenty and thirty starved to death, and the death of others was accelerated by want of food.

A party of about twenty Beavers had to be conveyed from Grande Prairie, near Duavegan, Peace River, to Lesser Slave lake, to prevent their starving to death. Some of them died after arriving there.

Within the personal knowledge of the undersigned many other Indians, Cree, Beavers and Chipewyans, at almost all points where there are missions or trading posts, would certainly have starved to death, but for the help furnished by the traders and missionaries at those places, furnished very often at great personal inconvenience.

8. Owing to the above facts recorded, and previous mortality, a great number of widows and orphans are left without natural providers.

9. Owing to a strong competition in the fur trade, and other causes, the Indians cannot look to the Hudson Bay Company for help as they used to do.

In the face of the above facts and with the prospect, at no very distant date, of this country forming a valuable and important portion of the Dominion; and as we understand that parliament has already taken action by granting a Committee of Enquiry on this country and its resources, we would respectfully press on the government the urgent necessity of rendering speedy help to the survivors.

[SIGNED.]

Richard Young, Bishop of Athabasca.

Malcolm Scott, Incumbent of St. Luke's Vermilion.

G. Holmes, C. M. S. Missionary, Lesser Slave Lake.

W. E. Traill, J. P. Vermilion.

A. C. Garrioch, C. M. S. Missionary, Dunvegan, P. R.

E. J. Lawrence, Principal of Irene Training School.

Wm. J. Melrose, Farmer.

A. J. Kneeland, Mechanic, Vermilion.

W. D. Reeve, Archdeacon of Chipewyan, and Secretary of Synod.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the directors of the Edmonton agricultural society held Saturday, August 25th after the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and approved it was Moved by M. McCauley, seconded by D. Maloney and carried that the committee's report on rules and regulations be laid over till next meeting.

M. McCauley reported that the H. B. Co. had made an offer to the society of five acres one mile north of the river for the sum of \$100. In view of purchasing it was ordered that the president and secretary correspond with the lieutenant governor and have letters of incorporation issued at once.

After conclusion of the business strictly belonging to the society the following resolutions were passed and the secretary instructed to mail a copy to the Right Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald and Col. Herchmer commissioner of N. W. M. Police.

"The directors of this society do not consider that the farmers of this district have received justice at the hands of the government in the matter of the letting of hay and beef contracts for the Northwest mounted police, and would humbly ask the government to hold an investigation into the manner in which these contracts have of late years been let. In the event of such investigation being thoroughly made the directors of this society feel confident the government will find that the farmers have received a gross injustice at the hands of the government officials of this district."

"The people of this district petitioned the government to have the headquarters of the N. W. M. Police removed from Fort Saskatchewan to Edmonton, and as such petition was not only recommended by the commissioner but received the favorable consideration of the government, this society would respectfully ask the government to carry out their promises to the people of this section of the Northwest."

•••••
The Free Press has withdrawn its support from the Greenway administration and is attacking it savagely on its railway policy, and also personally the premier and attorney general. The Sun supports the government and the contract. The Call appears to be against everybody and everything. With the loss of the run of the provincial treasury which it lately suffered it has become a complete political as well as mental wreck.

The Northwest Farmer reports wheat in the Dominion City, Manitou, Pilot Mound, Melita and Birtle districts as damaged by frost or cold weather while other districts in the province are quite free.

BLUESTONE.

TIMOTHY SEED,

TURNIP SEED,

ONION SEED,

GARDEN SEED,

— FULL STOCK AT —

PHIL. DALY & CO.'S DRUG STORE.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN, N. W. T.

F. FRASER TIMS,

Wholesale and retail dealer in

FLOUR AND BACON,

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

HARDWARE AND TINWARE,

WAGONS AND CARTS,

HARNESS,

LUMBER.

WANTED.—Furs of all kinds; for which I will pay the current market price.

The residents of all points, north, east and south of Fort Saskatchewan, will find it a good point to trade at.

NEW GOODS.

ALBERTA

BOOT AND SHOE

HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

STEWART & BANNERMAN.

LUMBER.

MOORE & MACDOWALL, (Limited),

will sell lumber at Edmonton at the following rates:

Rough lumber per M \$20. Stock boards M \$25

Up to 16 feet \$20; for each additional ft \$1.00

Plank, rough, \$20; dressed on 1 side 30.00

Dressed on both sides 35.00

Flooring per M \$40, Siding per M \$40

Rough Battens per M \$25.

Fence Pickets, rough, per bble. 3.00

Dressed and pointed 4.00

Shingles, per M \$4.00. Lath per bble 7.00

Base " " \$40.00. Panel per M \$35.00

Shelving 1x10 per M dressed 2 sides. 32.50

1x12 lumber dressed 1 side per M. 30.00

Walruscoting 1x3 dressed 1 side and

beaded, per M. 40.00

Beading per lineal ft 1c. Band moulding 2c

5 casing per lineal ft 2c O.G. crown " " 2c

Quarter round " " 1c

Sills 6x6 per lineal ft. Spruce & Tamarac 10c

" 8x8 " " " 10c " 12c

" 10x10 " " " 12c " 14c

On bills of \$200 and upwards 10 per cent.

off for cash within thirty days.

Special rates for points down the river.

P. G. GRAY, Agent.

BANKING.

LAFFERTY & SMITH,

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
EDMONTON, REGINA, MOOSOMIN AND CALGARY.
P. G. GRAY, Manager.

P. DALY,

BANKER.

Drafts issued and collections made.
Office, P. Daly & Co's Drug Store,
Edmonton.

W. WILSON, DENTIST.

Office opposite Stewart & Bannerman's.
Dentistry in all its branches satisfactorily
done. Charges moderate.

A. F. DEGAGNE, Carpenter and Contractor.
Plans and Specifications furnished. Mill-wright work a speciality. Doors and Sash on hand.
Victoria Avenue, next Registry Office, Edmonton, Alberta.

MILLINERY.

A few of those stylish
WHITE and BLACK STRAWS
left yet.
Black and white silk lace 40 inches wide at
JAMES MARTIN'S.

FOR SALE.

S. E. 1 Sec. 27, Tp. 53, Range 24 west of the fourth meridian. Situated one mile north of Belmont School House; patented. Lots 4 and 5, Block 5, Fraser Avenue, Edmonton. All the above properties are first-class in every respect. Apply to J. KNOWLES, Fraser Avenue. Edmonton, July 11th, 1888.

REMOVED! REMOVED!

E. RAYMER & CO.

Have removed from their old stand to one opposite the BULLETIN office. Their reasons for moving are increase of business and more space to do it in.

NOTE.—Our Jewelry and Stationery lines are complete. Having just received a lot of watch and jewelry material we will be able to repair watches and jewelry with neatness and dispatch.

E. RAYMER & CO.,
Jewelers and Stationers.

J. WALTER, Carriage Maker and Boat Builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, south side.

Just arrived a large stock of Hickory and Oak plank and boards, all sizes. Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Felloes and Wheels, Whiffle Trees and Neck Yokes, Seat Springs, etc.

Four new boats, medium size, now on hand.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

THRESHING MACHINES.

THE NEW MODEL.
33 and 36 inch Cylinder. Will thresh more grain of any kind, and cleaner, with less waste, than any Machine in the market. The New Model is the best Machine to be had for Flax.

HALE THRESHING MACHINES,
22 and 36 inch Cylinder. Though this Machine has been before the farmers of Canada and the United States for fifty years, it is still the Favorite Machine where Horse-Power is the motive power to drive it.

OSHAWA 12 HORSE PORTABLE ENGINES,
with Spark Arresters, Dalgell Steel and Wilson's Steel Tubes in the Boilers, the best Steel and the best Tubes in the world, ensuring absolute safety to all who look after their Engines.

FITTS' 10 HORSE DOWN POWERS.

WOODBURY 12 HORSE MOUNTED POWERS.

PLANET 10 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

CALIFORNIA 12 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

In quality of material, good workmanship and finish, these Machines cannot be excelled. Repairs and parts of Machines at all times on hand.

JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS, OSHAWA.
JOHN LIVINGSTONE, Trustee.

STIA-TEBURY MISSION.

Rev. J. Gordon Brick arrived on Monday from Calgary, accompanied by Mrs. Brick and son, bound for Peace River. Rev. Mr. Brick is a minister of the church of England who was sent to Peace River some years ago to establish a mission to the Indians there in the vicinity of Dunsmuir. After laboring for some years he became convinced that well directed and earnest efforts to improve the material condition of the Indians must accompany any efforts to improve their spiritual condition. If the latter were to be successful. Owing to the failure of game the Indians were reduced to such a state of want that it was impossible to give them religious instruction upon them: and indeed they were threatened with absolute extinction. The remoteness of the country prevented the possibility of any church organization directly relieving their wants, no matter how desirous it might be of doing so. At the same time the region seemed well adapted for farming, and Rev. Mr. Brick came to the conclusion that that only course to be pursued was to institute some means whereby the Indians could be induced to change their mode of life from hunting to farming. To this end, example and assistance were needed more than advice. Mr. Brick thought that a mission where agriculture would be taught as well as religion could most nearly meet the case. Having received the consent of the Bishop of Alberta, the project was actually in hand in the fall of '86 he came out from Peace River and went east for the purpose of raising the necessary funds, leaving two of his sons in charge of a small experimental farm which he had already started. He visited England in the winter of '86 and '87 in furtherance of his plan, and so secured a promise of a grant of \$5,000 from the Canadian government on condition that an equal amount should be raised by private subscription. He secured that amount of money in a year was a very considerable undertaking. By taking up parish work for the church of England in various parts of the country he secured his own support and at the same time made arrangements which permitted his absence from the parish for one Sunday in each month, and was starting out on Monday and returning a week from the following Saturday he had two weeks in each month to devote to lecturing on Peace River in aid of his project, and was so successful that he raised \$3,300 by subscription and collection which with the \$2,000 granted by government made \$5,300 on which to found his mission and experimental farm. His farming outfit includes a full set of farming tools, carpenter's tools, five plows, seed drill, fanning mill, chaffin mill, hay rake, mower, reaper, threshing cylinder, circular saw, four-horse power, and steel grist mill, three ranch horses, a thoroughbred Durham bull, two Holstein heifers, three Berkshire and Yorkshire pigs, ducks and chickens of several breeds. The outfit to be freighted weighs over 10,000 pounds and with the exception of the threshing and grist mill is now on the way to the Landing, to be taken from there to the head of Lesser Slave lake by the H. B. C. boats, and to be taken overland the rest of the way some ninety miles. The threshing and mill will be brought in next spring. The horses and cattle will be driven through from the Landing to the head of Lesser Slave lake. The intention is to establish a mission to be called St. John's, about 14 miles above the mouth of Smoky river and have a farm in connection, which will as far as possible supply the wants of the mission and the Indians, and where the latter can receive practical instruction in agriculture. There will be a school in connection with the farm and an orphanage will be established if possible. Funds largely in excess of the annual grant of the church missionary society will be needed to carry on the work and the hope is expressed that Mr. Brick hopes that the church in Canada will take the matter up and extend the needed assistance. The party left for the Landing on Tuesday and will take a journey of fifteen or twenty days to make in order to reach Peace River. The Church of England describes the project as "the following up its mission with experimental instruction and supply farms in what may be called the fertile lands of the Mackenzie basin, at Dunsmuir, Edmonton and Fort Liard, and is worthy of special encouragement and assistance on this ground alone, if on no others, from the public and government of Canada. The cost of establishing these missions and farms is very great but not so great as the material advantage which will result from their success in demonstrating the agricultural capabilities of the country, and in civilizing the native population and inducing them to become self supporting."

Wheat in central Dakota, yields from 12 to 21 bushels an acre this season, quality No. 1 Northern. Hot winds in July shriveled the harvest. Nearly all the wheat harvested August 21st. The yield is considered fair and the quality the best Dakota produces not excepting the Red River Valley.

Wet and late having and harvest reported from Prince Edward Island

Southern Russia reports on extra abundant wheat crop. The greater part of the rest of Europe reports a shortage.

Thaddeus Harper a great B. C. stock man has assigned. The cause was heavy losses in the winter of '86.

METEOLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, September 15th, 1888. Reported for the Bulletin by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

Max.	61
Sunday,	68
Sunday,	58
Monday,	62
Tuesday,	62
Wednesday,	74
Thursday,	46
Friday,	45
Saturday,	73

Barometer falling, 27.760.

ENGLISH GOODS.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER, begs to call attention to the splendid assortment of English Goods, just received, consisting of "Cashmere," "Merino," "Biggins," "Galatas," "Angorlette," "French Style Veiling," "Velvets" (plain and embossed), "Laces" and "Fancy Goods," &c. These goods for beauty, general excellence and cheapness, are unequalled in the high opinion already so deservedly bestowed.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER, takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous customers for their past kind patronage, and hoping still to merit a continuance of the same, begs to inform them that he is about to start for Montreal to purchase his Fall and Winter Goods, and has secured in Geo. A. Blake a very efficient substitute, with a view to make room for Fall and Winter stock, he has reluctantly to sell at "Rock Bottom" prices a fine assortment of Men's English and Canadian Tweeds, Coatings, Overalls and Gent's Furnishings, Ladies' Underclothing, Millinery, Fancy Goods, Crockery, Furniture &c., &c., &c., will well repay inspection.

Direct Importer of English Goods.

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES, FELT AND STRAW HATS

And the grandest display of — MILLINERY — that was ever brought in to Edmonton.

More goods on the way.

Take a look and see the stock.

JOHN A. McDUGALL.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE

Notice is hereby given that George Clift King of the Town of Calgary in the District of Alberta in the Northwest Territories of Canada, Merchant, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for a Bill of Divorce from his wife Louisa King formerly of the said Town of Calgary in the District of Alberta in the Northwest Territories of Canada, on the ground of adultery.

GEORGE CLIFT KING, BY BLESSEY & SMITH, his Solicitors.

Dated at the Town of Calgary in the District of Alberta, Northwest Territories of Canada, the 10th day of August, A. D. 1888.

All kinds of vegetables and herbs for sale at the Fraser Avenue Gardens, opposite the City Hall.

MRS. T. HENDERSON or J. KNOWLES, will be promptly filled and delivered if required.

Edmonton, August 21st, 1888.

McDONALD & McLEOD, Builders and Contractors, Sash and Doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Office and shop at junction of Jasper Avenue and Main Street. JAS. McDONALD. K. A. McLEOD.

LOST.

On Wednesday morning August 15th, a large red morocco pocket book, containing three \$50 promissory notes, and about five or ten dollars in one dollar bills. Also a large solid gold masonic ring. Finder is requested to leave it at the Bulletin's Office, when he will receive a suitable reward.

JOHN W. HAYES.

FOUND.

About the end of May, 1888, on the South side of the Smoky river about eight miles above Victoria two horses. One blue, no brand; one brown, year old colt, no brand. Owner is requested to apply to the undersigned at Egg Lake, south of Victoria.

ALEXANDER WAY-CHEK KAU.

MISS KELLY,

DRESSMAKER, ETC., ETC. MAIN STREET, EDMONTON.

THE ECHO.

The best and the cheapest weekly paper published. The new home story paper. 50 columns of sparkling stories, wonderful miscellany and the cream of literary currency. The regular price of The Echo is a Dollar a Year. It is furnished with the Bulletin at \$2.00, and every subscriber to both papers is entitled to a choice from the offers in the Department of The Echo Premium Book List, the book or books selected being sent free, postpaid, to any address anywhere in the United States. The Echo alone will be sent with Premium Books upon receipt of a Dollar address.

THE ECHO, Detroit, Mich.

Agents for The Echo are wanted every where upon liberal terms.

LONDON ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

The best weekly illustrated paper in the world.

Every issue an artistic and literary treat.

To those interested in British affairs, political, literary or social, it offers the information they require at a cheaper rate, a less expenditure of time and with greater assurance of impartiality and accuracy than any other publication.

The American edition, in every way the exact copy of the original English edition, will be furnished to paid-in-advance subscribers to the BULLETIN at \$3.50 per year. Postage will pay two new yearly subscriptions to the BULLETIN and the NEWS.

GRIP.

Canada's Comic Paper.

J. W. BENGOUGH.

Artist and Editor.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

\$2.00 a Year; \$1.00 for Six Months.

GRIP is increasing in interest and popularity every year. It is a superior household favorite, while every Politician, Professional and Business Man enjoys the clever hits which appear in every issue. SUBSCRIBE NOW.

See our premium and Clabbing List. Circulars giving full particulars sent free.

Look out for Grip's Comic Almanac for 1888. Price 10 cents. Address

GIP PUBLISHING CO.

Toronto, Ont.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Public notice is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day been pleased to appoint Mr. J. W. BENGOUGH, Esquire, to the office of Clerk of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories, for the Judicial District of Northern Alberta shall be held within the said District at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the days and at the places following, namely: Calgary: The second Tuesday in April, July and November in each and every year. Edmonton: The second Monday in May and October in each and every year.

By Command,

A. E. FORGET.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office, Regina, N. W.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. H. CONNOR, Advocate, Notary Public, Etc. Office, Main Street, first building west of the post office, Edmonton, Alta.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta; Office, Main Street, Edmonton, between Stewart & Edmunds and Ross Bros. stores.

D. R. J. H. TOFIELD,

Second floor corner and consulting room, Temple George east of Mr. Cameron's store.

J. U. PRIEUR,

BARRISTER, AVOCAT, ETC.

ST. ALBERT.

D. R. H. L. MCINNIS,

Physician, Surgeon, Accoucher.

Temporary Office, Dr. Wilson's office.

H. C. WILSON, M. D.,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Office next day's Drug Store. Consultation hours: 3 to 5 p. m.

JOS. POTVIN, M. D., PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.

Office, 100 College, Chaboyer, Ont. Office: John Thurston's building, east of Jasper House (brick hotel), Edmonton.

SHAW & PRINCE,

BARRISTERS, ETC.

AVOCATS, SOLICITEURS, ETC.

Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

CHARLES L. SHAW. AST-MO PRINCE.

GEO. A. WATSON,

BARRISTER, AVOCAT, ETC.

Office: 1st building east of Goodridge's Hotel.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main Street.

The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stable in connection. J. S. GODFREY, Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main Street. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. J. S. EDMONTON, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, RIMBY & MARTIN, Proprietors.

The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it up. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie.

An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL. — North side Main Street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This excellent establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The entrance is under the management of Mr. F. Fugate, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.

L. KELLY, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be obtained at the REGISTRY.

P. BYRNES. — Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite Bulletin's office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP. — Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horseshoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDWARD LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE. — Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. McCALL, Main Street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH. — LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. — Adjoining Hotel on Calgary, Main Street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

High class work, a specialty. Secretary.

Shop in street of A. McDonald & Co's store.